

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: AUG 2011

Christy's® Red Hot Purple© Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe Supersedes: DEC 2010 Christy's® Red Hot Clear® Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe

SYNONYMS:

SUPPLIER:

Tel. 1-714-507-3300 (International)

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Christy's® Red Hot Purple Primer©

Christy's® Red Hot Clear® Primer

Low VOC $\,$ Primer for PVC & CPVC Plastic Pipe

MANUFACTURER: T Christy Enterprises, Inc

655 East Ball Road, Anaheim, CA 92805-5910

Tel. 1-714-507-3300 (North America)

EMERGENCY: Transportation and Medical issues:: Tel. 800.535.5053 INFOTRAK

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

PRODUCT USE:

Health Environmental Physical
Acute Toxicity: Category 4 Acute Toxicity: Category III Flammable Liquid/Aerosol/Gas: Category 1
Skin Corrosion: Category 3 Chronic Toxicity: Category IV
Skin Sensitization: YES

GHS LABEL:

Eve





WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: CONTROLLED PRODUCT CLASS B. DIVISION 2 CLASS D. DIVISION 2B

Hazard Statements

Precautionary Statements (See Section 15 for all advisory and required precautions

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

May cause allergic skin reaction or rash

Do not breath vapor

Keep container closed

Use in well-ventilated area

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

	CAS#	EINECS #	REACH	CONCENTRATION	
			Pre-registration Number	% by Weight	
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	109-99-9	203-726-8	05-2116297729-22-0000	50-70	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)*	78-93-3	201-159-0	05-2116297728-24-0000	15-20	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	203-631-1	05-2116297718-25-0000	5-15	
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	05-2116297713-35-0000	5-15	

All of the constituents of this adhesive product are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing. *This chemical is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (40CFR372).

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Contact with eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes and seek medical advice immediately.

Skin contact:
Inhalation:
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical advice.
Remove to fresh air. If breathing is stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical advice.
Rinse mouth with water. Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice immediately.

SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide gas, foam, Halon, water fog. **HMIS** NFP/ 0-Minimal **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Water spray or stream. Health 2 1-Slight 2 **Exposure Hazards:** Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and smoke Flammability 3 3 2-Moderate **Combustion Products:** Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and smoke 3-Serious Reactivity 1 Protection for Firefighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus or full-face positive pressure airline masks. 4-Severe

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Provide sufficient ventilation, use explosion-proof exhaust ventilation equipment or wear suitable respiratory protective equipment.

Prevent contact with skin or eyes (see section 8).

Environmental Precautions: Prevent product or liquids contaminated with product from entering sewers, drains, soil or open water course.

Methods for Cleaning up: Clean up with sand or other inert absorbant material. Transfer to a closable vessel (Metal or polyethylene [PE])

 $\label{eq:materials} \mbox{Materials not to be used for clean up:} \qquad \qquad \mbox{Liquid(s)}$

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid breathing of vapor, avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing

Keep away from ignition sources, use only electrically grounded handling equipment and ensure adequate ventilation/fume exhaust hoods.

Do not eat; drink or smoke while handling.

Storage: Store in ventliated room or shade below 27°C (80°F) and away from diirect sunlight.

Keep away from ignition sources and incompatible materials: caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxydizers and isocyanates.

Follow all precautionary information on container label, product bulletins and solvent cementing literature.

SECTION 8 - PRECAUTIONS TO CONTROL EXPOSURE / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS: ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEL OSHA PFI OSHA STEL: Tetrahydrofuran (THF)# ## 50 ppm skin 100 ppm 200 ppm 250 ppm Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) 200 ppm 300 ppm 300 ppm 200 ppm Cyclohexanone 20 ppm skin 50 ppm Acetone 500 ppm 750 ppm 750 ppm 1000 ppm

Mfg. Recommended Allowable Exposure Limit (AEL): 25 ppm ## Mfg. Recommended STEL: 75 ppm

Engineering Controls: If ventilated cabinet, enclosure or fume hood is necessary, average airflow should be at least 100 FPM (50.8 cm/sec).

Monitoring: Maintain breathing zone airborne concentrations below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Eye Protection: Avoid contact with eyes, wear splashproof chemical goggles, face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow guards and side shields,

etc.as may be appropriate for the exposure.

Skin Protection: Prevent contact with the skin as much as possible. Polyethylene or PVA coated rubber gloves should be used for frequent immersion.

Use of latex/nitrile surgical gloves or solvent-resistant barier cream should provide adequate protection when normal adhesive application

practices and procedures are used for making structural bonds.

Respiratory Protection: Prevent inhalation of the solvents. Use in a well-ventilated room. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed above.

exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed above.

With normal use, the Exposure Limit Value will not usually be reached. When limits approached, use respiratory protection equipment.

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SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear / Purple - thin liquid

Ethereal, similar to Acetone Odor:

P.H. Not Applicable

Melting/Freezing Point: 95°C (-139°F) Based on first boiling component: Acetone **Boiling Range:** 57°C (133°F) to 67°C (151°F)

>1.0 (BUAC = 1) **Boiling Point:** 57°C (133°F) Based on first boiling component: Acetone **Evaporation Rate:** Flash Point: -14°C (-6.8°F) T.C.C. based on THF Flammability: Category I

Specific Gravity @23°C ± 2° (73°F ± 3.6°) Typically 0.858 ± 0.01 Flammability Limits: **LEL: 2%**

UEL: 11.8% Solubility: Completely soluble in water.

Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: Not Available Vapour Pressure: 143 mm Hg @ 20°C (68°F): THF

Odor Threshold:

0.1 ppm (Cyclohexanone)

321°C (609.8°F): THF 2.49 (Air = 1)Auto-ignition Temperature: Vapour Density: **Decomposition Temperature:** Not Applicable Other Data: Viscosity: Water-thin When applied as directed, per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A, VOC content is: ≤550 g/l. **VOC Content:**

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous decomposition products: None in normal use. When forced to burn, this product gives off carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2),

hydrogen chloride (HCI) and smoke.

Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye and Skin Contact

Acute symptoms and effects:

Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages. Inhalation:

Eve Contact: Vapours slightly uncomfortable. Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjunctival inflammation on contact with the liquid.

Skin Contact: Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact.

Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and mental sluggishness.

Chronic (long-term) effects: None known to humans

I D₅₀ I C50 Toxicity:

Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Oral: 2880 mg/kg (rat) Inhalation 3 hrs. 21,000 PPM (rat) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)_ Oral: 3.98 g/kg (rat), Dermal: 8-10 mg/kg (rabbit) Inhalation 4 hrs. 4.000 PPM (rat) Cyclohexanone Oral: 1900 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 1.0 g/kg (rabbit) Inhalation LCLO, 4 hrs, 2,000 PPM (rat) Oral: 9.75 g/kg (rat), Dermal: 20 g/kg (rabbit) Acetone Inhalation LCLO, 4 hrs. 16,000 PPM (rat)

Reproductive Effects Mutagenicity Sensitization to Product **Synergistic Products** Teratogenicity **Embryotyxicity** Not Applicable Not Applicable Poss Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Available

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Category IV

Mobility: In normal use, emission of volatile organic compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place. Typically at a rate of ≤ 550 Grams/Litre.

Minimal other adverse effects include possible ground water contamination from release to soil, sewers, drains or water course.

Degradability: Biodegradable BioAccumulation: Minimal to none

SECTION 13 - WASTE DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Follow local and national regulations. Consult disposal expert. Can be disposed of by controlled incineration. May be reacted with component "B" and disposed of as trash. Excessive quantities should not be permitted to enter drains, sewers or water courses. Empty containers should be air dried before disposing.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT, IATA, ADR, IMO/IMDG SHIPPING INFORMATION

Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. (Tetrahydrofura **Proper Shipping Name:** DOT EXCEPTION: Case quantities of cement in containers of less than one liter may be

TDG INFORMATION

Hazard Class: 3 Methyl Ethyl Ketone) shipped as LIMITED QUANTITY or CONSUMER COMMODITY, ORM-D

Secondary Risk None **Identification Number:** UN 1993

Packing Group:

TDG CLASS: FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3 Flammable Liquid Label Required:

> SHIPPING NAME: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, n.o.s. (TETRAHYDROFURAN)

Marine Pollutant: NO UN NUMBER: 1993, PG II

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Information: Highly Flammable, Irritant Ingredient Listings: USA TSCA, Europe EINECS, Canada DSL, Australia Symbols:

AICS, Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MITI (ENCS) F. Xi

Risk Phrases: R-11 Highly Flammable

R-20 Harmful by inhalation R-36/37/38 Irritrating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R-21 Harmful in contact ith skin. R-41 Risk of serious damage to the eyes

R-22 Harmful if swallowed. R-43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Safety Phrases: S-2 Keep out of reach of children. S-24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S-7 Keep container tightly closed when not in use. S-29 Do not empty into drains. S-9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place. S-37 Wear suitable gloves.

S-15/16 Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking. S-45 If seeking medical advice show physician label or SDS.

S-23 Do not breathe vapor. S-46 Use only in well ventilated areas.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Specification Information:

Department issuing data sheet: **Environmental Health and Safety** All ingredients are compliant with the requirements of the European e-mail address: <EHSinfo@tchristy.com> Directive on RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances).

Training necessary: Yes, training in practices and procedures contained in product literature.

August 2011 / Updated information Reissue date / reason for reissue:

Adhesive welding primer for PVC or CPVC plastic pipe and fittings Intended Use of Product:

This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.

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